

→ Limit test of heavy metals

The metal impurities like lead, arsenic, mercury, cadmium, chromium, tin, antimony, bismuth reacts with hydrogen sulphide & sodium sulphide to give brown colour solution. (due to sulphates of heavy metals)

They are 3 methods

method A: used for the substances which give clear, colourless solution under specified test condition

method B: used for the substances which do not give clear colourless solution under specified test condition

method C: used for the substances which give clear colourless solution with sodium hydroxide (NaOH)

→ This test is performed in nessler's cylinders

method A:

Test	Standard
* 25 ml of test solution	* 2 ml standard solution → 25 ml D.W
* pH is adjusted to 3 to 4 by ammonia & acetic acid	* pH is adjusted to 3 to 4 by ammonia & acetic acid
* make upto 35 ml with D.W.	* make upto 35 ml with DW
* add 10 ml of H_2S and make upto 50 ml with D.W	* add 10 ml of H_2S and make up to 50 ml with D.W.
* stir with glass rod and wait for 5 min	* stir with glass rod and wait for 5 min

metho : B

Test	Standard
* 2gm Sample in Crucible + HNO_3 Exposed to low flame till it charged * H_2SO_4 Heated in muffle furnace at 500°C + 4ml HCl * 10 ml HCl * Ammonia make up to 25 ml with DW + Acetic acid make up to 35 ml with DW * 10 ml of H_2S make up to 50 ml with distilled water * Stir with glass Rod and wait for 5 minutes	* 2ml Standard Solution $\rightarrow$ 25 ml with distilled water * pH is adjusted to 3-4 by ammonia & Acetic acid * make up to 35 ml with D.W * Add 10 ml of H_2S and make up to 50 ml with DW * Stir with glass Rod and wait for 5 min